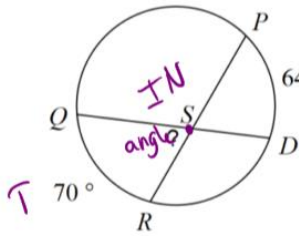


Angles: Vertex INSIDE the Circle

Video Link:

Ex. 1 Chord Chord



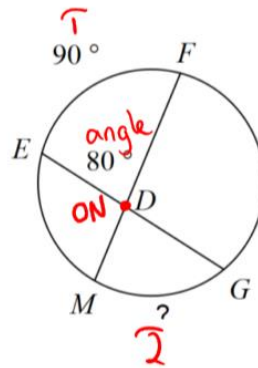
$$2(\angle) = \widehat{1} + \widehat{2}$$

$$2(?) = 70 + 64$$

$$2? = 134$$

$$? = 67^\circ$$

Ex. 2 Chord Chord



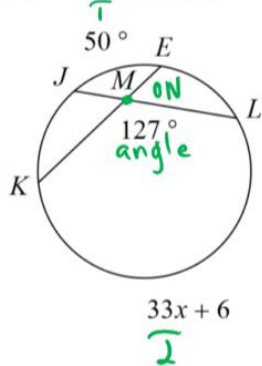
$$2(\angle) = \widehat{1} + \widehat{2}$$

$$2(80) = 90 + ?$$

$$160 = 90 + ?$$

$$\boxed{70^\circ = ?}$$

Ex. 3 Chord Chord



$$2(\angle) = \widehat{1} + \widehat{2}$$

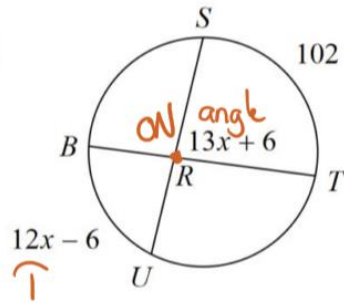
$$2(127) = 50 + 33x + 6$$

$$254 = 33x + 56$$

$$198 = 33x$$

$$\boxed{6 = x}$$

Ex. 4 Chord Chord



$$2(\angle) = \widehat{1} + \widehat{2}$$

$$2(102) = 12x - 6 + 13x + 6$$

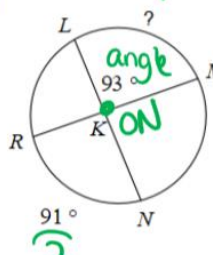
$$204 = 25x$$

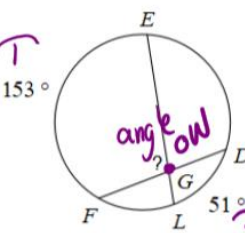
$$14x = 84$$

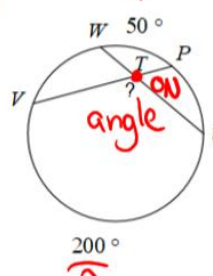
$$\boxed{x = 6}$$

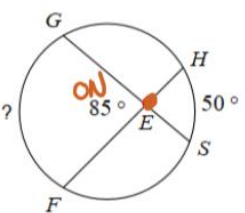
Angles: Vertex INSIDE Circle

Find the measure of the arc or angle indicated. Assume that lines which appear tangent are tangent.

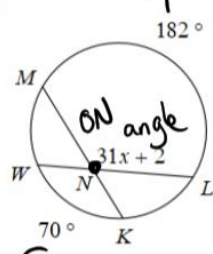
1)  $2(\angle) = \widehat{M} + \widehat{N}$
 $2(93) = 91 + ?$
 $186 = 91 + ?$
 $95 = ?$

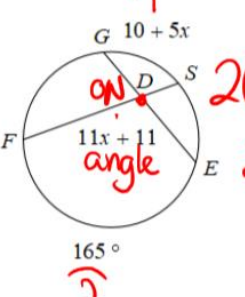
2)  $2(\angle) = \widehat{E} + \widehat{D}$
 $2(?) = 153 + 51$
 $2? = 204$
 $? = 102$

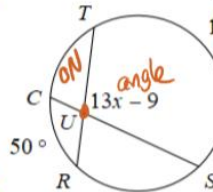
3)  $2(\angle) = 50 + 200$
 $2(?) = 250$
 $? = 125$

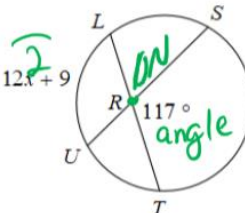
4)  $2(\angle) = \widehat{G} + \widehat{H}$
 $2(85) = 50 + ?$
 $170 = 50 + ?$
 $120 = ?$

Solve for x. Assume that lines which appear tangent are tangent.

5)  $2(31x + 2) = 70 + 182$
 $62x + 4 = 252$
 $62x = 248$
 $x = 4$

6)  $2(\angle) = \widehat{G} + \widehat{S}$
 $2(11x + 11) = 10 + 5x + 165$
 $22x + 22 = 5x + 175$
 $17x + 22 = 175$
 $17x = 153$
 $x = 9$

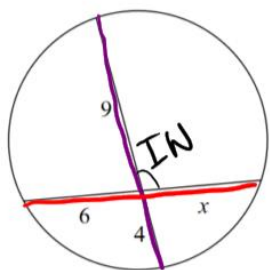
7)  $2(\angle) = \widehat{T} + \widehat{S}$
 $2(13x - 9) = 18x + 4 + 50$
 $26x - 18 = 18x + 54$
 $-18x \quad -18x$
 $8x - 18 = 54$
 $8x = 72$
 $x = 9$

8)  $2(\angle) = \widehat{T} + \widehat{S}$
 $2(117) = 12x + 9 + 9 + 24x$
 $234 = 36x + 18$
 $216 = 36x$
 $6 = x$

Segments: Vertex **INSIDE** the Circle

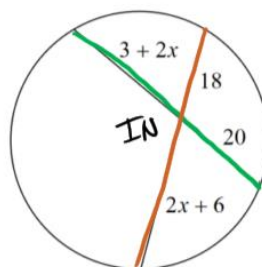
Video Link:

Ex. 1 Chord Chord



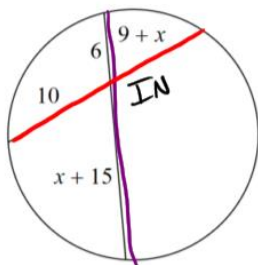
$$\begin{aligned}
 P(P) &= P(P) \\
 9(4) &= 6(x) \\
 36 &= 6x \\
 \boxed{6} &= x
 \end{aligned}$$

Ex. 2 Chord Chord



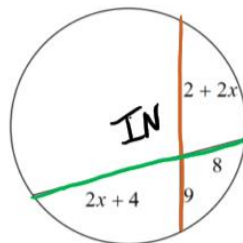
$$\begin{aligned}
 P(P) &= P(P) \\
 20(3+2x) &= 18(2x+6) \\
 60+40x &= 36x+108 \\
 60+4x &= 108 \\
 4x &= 48 \\
 \boxed{x} &= 12
 \end{aligned}$$

Ex. 3 Chord Chord



$$\begin{aligned}
 P(P) &= P(P) \\
 6(x+15) &= 10(9+x) \\
 \underline{6x+90} &= \underline{90+10x} \\
 90 &= 90+4x \\
 0 &= 4x \\
 0 &= x
 \end{aligned}$$

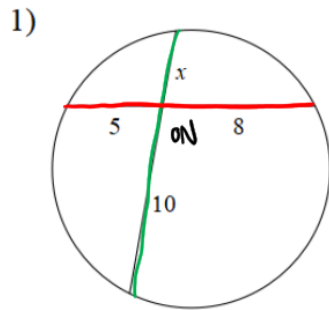
Ex. 4 Chord Chord



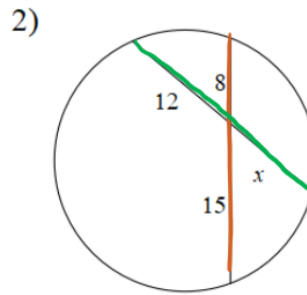
$$\begin{aligned}
 P(P) &= P(P) \\
 9(2+2x) &= 8(2x+4) \\
 18+18x &= 16x+32 \\
 \underline{-16x} & \quad \underline{-16x} \\
 18+2x &= 32 \\
 2x &= 14 \\
 \boxed{x} &= 7
 \end{aligned}$$

Segments: Vertex INSIDE Circle

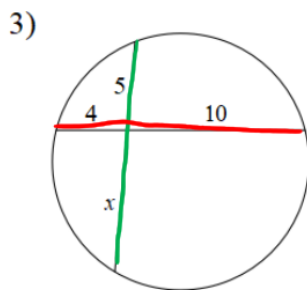
Solve for x . Assume that lines which appear tangent are tangent.



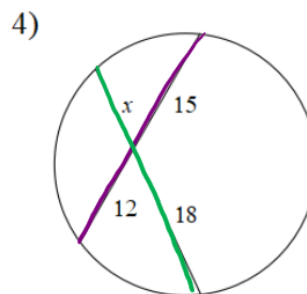
$$\begin{aligned} P(P) &= P(P) \\ 10(x) &= 8(5) \\ 10x &= 40 \\ x &= 4 \end{aligned}$$



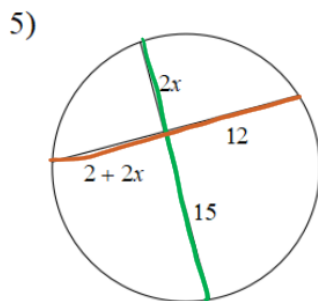
$$\begin{aligned} 8(15) &= 12(x) \\ 120 &= 12x \\ 10 &= x \end{aligned}$$



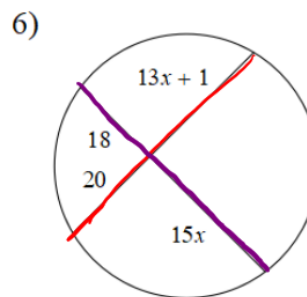
$$\begin{aligned} 5(x) &= 10(4) \\ 5x &= 40 \\ x &= 8 \end{aligned}$$



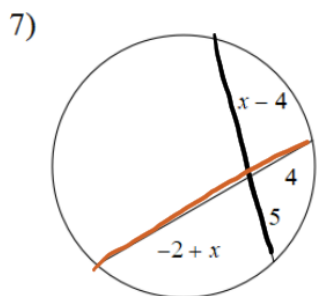
$$\begin{aligned} 18(x) &= 12(15) \\ 18x &= 180 \\ x &= 10 \end{aligned}$$



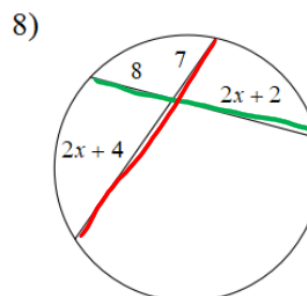
$$\begin{aligned} 12(2+2x) &= 15(2x) \\ 24+24x &= 30x \\ 24 &= 6x \\ x &= 4 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} 20(13x+1) &= 18(15x) \\ 260x+20 &= 270x \\ 20 &= 10x \\ x &= 2 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} 5(x-4) &= 4(-2+x) \\ 5x-20 &= -8+4x \\ x-20 &= -8 \\ x &= 12 \end{aligned}$$

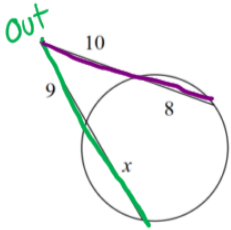


$$\begin{aligned} 8(2x+2) &= 7(2x+4) \\ 16x+16 &= 14x+28 \\ 2x+16 &= 28 \\ 2x &= 12 \\ x &= 6 \end{aligned}$$

Segments: Vertex OUTSIDE the Circle

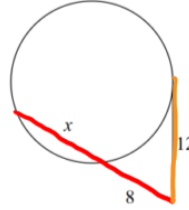
Video Link:

Ex. 1 Secant Secant



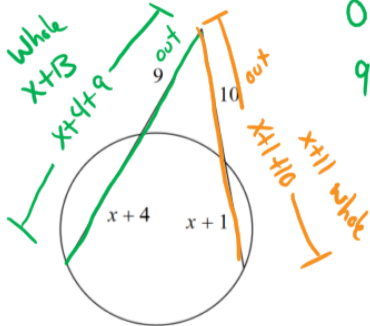
$$\begin{aligned}
 O(w) &= O(w) \\
 9(9+x) &= 10(10+8) \\
 81+9x &= 180 \\
 9x &= 99 \\
 \boxed{x=11}
 \end{aligned}$$

Ex. 2 Secant Tangent



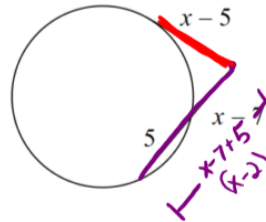
$$\begin{aligned}
 O(w) &= O(w) \\
 8(8+x) &= 12(12) \\
 64+8x &= 144 \\
 8x &= 80 \\
 \boxed{x=10}
 \end{aligned}$$

Ex. 3 Secant Secant



$$\begin{aligned}
 O(w) &= O(w) \\
 9(x+3) &= 10(x+11) \\
 9x+117 &= 10x+110 \\
 117 &= x+110 \\
 \boxed{7=x}
 \end{aligned}$$

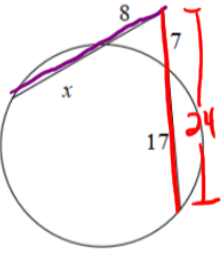
Ex. 4 Tangent Tangent



$$\begin{aligned}
 O(w) &= O(w) \\
 (x-7)(x-2) &= (x-5)(x-5) \\
 x^2-2x-7x+14 &= x^2-5x-5x+25 \\
 x^2-9x+14 &= x^2-10x+25 \\
 -9x+14 &= -10x+25 \\
 +10x & \quad +10x \\
 x+14 &= 25 \\
 \boxed{x=11}
 \end{aligned}$$

Segments: Vertex OUTSIDE Circle

Solve for x . Assume that lines which appear tangent are tangent.

1) 

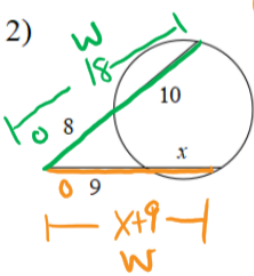
$$O(W) = O(W)$$

$$8(x+8) = 7(24)$$

$$8x+64 = 168$$

$$8x = 104$$

$$\boxed{x = 13}$$

2) 

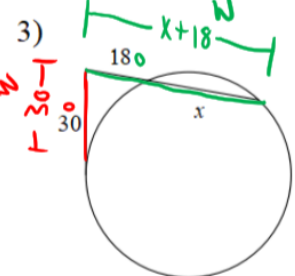
$$O(W) = O(W)$$

$$9(x+9) = 8(18)$$

$$9x+81 = 144$$

$$9x = 63$$

$$\boxed{x = 7}$$

3) 

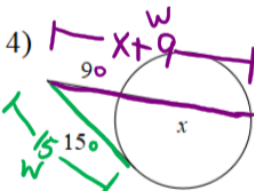
$$O(W) = O(W)$$

$$30(30) = 18(x+18)$$

$$900 = 18x+144$$

$$756 = 18x$$

$$\boxed{42 = x}$$

4) 

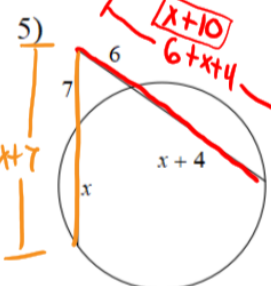
$$O(W) = O(W)$$

$$9(x+9) = 15(15)$$

$$9x+81 = 225$$

$$9x = 144$$

$$\boxed{x = 16}$$

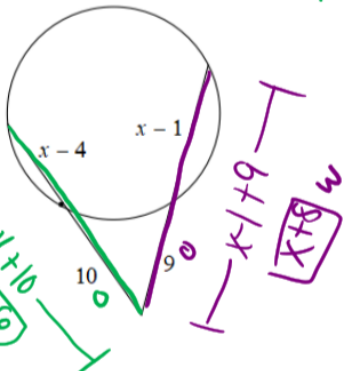
5) 

$$7(x+7) = 6(x+10)$$

$$7x+49 = 6x+60$$

$$x+49 = 60$$

$$\boxed{x = 11}$$

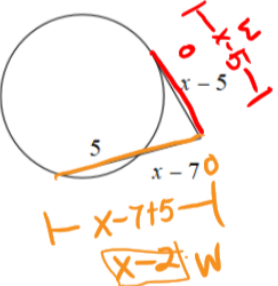
6) 

$$10(x+6) = 9(x+8)$$

$$10x+60 = 9x+72$$

$$x+60 = 72$$

$$\boxed{x = 12}$$

7) 

$$(x-7)(x-2) = (x-5)(x-5)$$

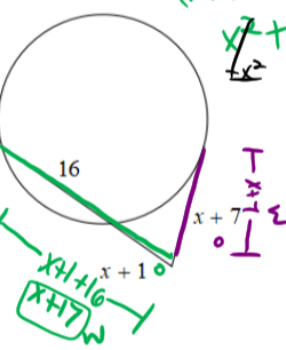
$$x^2 - 9x + 14 = x^2 - 10x + 25$$

$$-9x + 14 = -10x + 25$$

$$+10x \quad +10x$$

$$x + 14 = 25$$

$$\boxed{x = 11}$$

8) 

$$(x+1)(x+17) = (x+7)(x+7)$$

$$x^2 + 18x + 17 = x^2 + 14x + 49$$

$$18x + 17 = 14x + 49$$

$$-14x \quad -14x$$

$$4x + 17 = 49$$

$$4x = 32$$

$$\boxed{x = 8}$$